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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/798,342	03/12/2004	Dwight Allen Merriman	11032/3067	5601
23838 7590 02/28/2008 KENYON & KENYON LLP			EXAMINER	
1500 K STREET N.W. SUITE 700 WASHINGTON, DC 20005			LANEAU, RONALD	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/798,342 MERRIMAN ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit RONALD LANEAU -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10/26/07. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is aula 1035 C.D. 11 153 C.C. 213

.s. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06) Office Action S	Summary Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20080220	
Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statemont(s) (PTO-SE/DS)  Paper No(s) Mail Date 01132005	4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)Mail Date.  5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent A/↑ lication 6) ☐ Other:	
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	е септес соргез постесемей.	
application from the International Bureau (PC * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the		
	locuments have been received in this National Stage	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents hav		
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have</li> </ol>		
a) All b) Some * c) None of:		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign prior	rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin	ner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is	s required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawin		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted	d or b)  objected to by the Examiner.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
Application Papers		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or elec	ction requirement.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn fro	om consideration.	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application.		
Disposition of Claims		
ciocoa in accordance marate practice ander En par	nne Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	

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## Prosecution reopened

 In view of the comments made by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences regarding the scope of claim 1 which must be given the broadest reasonable interpretation, prosecution is HEREBY reopened.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever fivents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 2-7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 2-7 are directed to the content of the stored information, which constitutes non-functional descriptive material. These recitations are not functionally involved in the steps recited in claim 1. The providing steps would be performed the same regardless of the stored information. Thus, it is not clear why any weight should be given to the content of the stored information as recited. As a result, claims 2-7 will not be examined and must be canceled

## Information Disclosure Statement

 The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 01/13/05 has been entered and considered by the examiner. Application/Control Number: 10/798,342 Page 3

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-15 and 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Wexler (US 5,960,409) in view of Goldhaber et al (US 5,794,210).

As per claims 1 and 9, Wexler teaches a method for advertising, comprising: receiving an

advertisement request 11a from a user node 3, wherein said advertisement request is based upon

a link 7 sent from an affiliate node 13 to said user node 3 in response to a content request 15a

sent from said user node 3 to said affiliate node 13 (col. 4, lines 28-40 and 54-57). Wexler does

not explicitly disclose the selecting an advertisement based on stored information but Goldhaber

discloses selecting, in response to said advertisement request, an advertisement based upon

stored information about said user node (col. 14, lines 17-40).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to utilize the selecting step as disclosed by Goldhaber into the method of Wexler

because it would allow the advertisers to target their advertisements to a subset of the general

population that may be more likely to respond to the advertisements and also assure that its

advertising is delivered to the consumers most likely to purchase its products.

As per claims 2-7, the limitations of "content of the stored information" has no weight

since they are non-functional descriptive material. They are however rejected under the

combination of Wexler and Goldhaber (see claim 1).

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As per claim 8, the combination of Wexler and Goldhaber would disclose a method wherein selecting an advertisement is further based upon an operating system type, each associated with said user node as claimed.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for the same reasons given in claim 1.

As per claims 10-14, Goldhaber discloses a system wherein if selection criteria associated with more than one advertisement are satisfied based upon said stored information, then calculating a satisfaction index for each advertisement (see fig. 11A, 182), and selecting the advertisement with the lowest satisfaction index, wherein said satisfaction index for an advertisement is directly proportional to the number of times said advertisement is sent to a user node, wherein said satisfaction index for an advertisement is inversely proportional to the amount of time expired since said advertisement was first permitted to be sent to a user node (see Goldhaber, fig. 11A, scanning for matching ads and screening for used ads), wherein said satisfaction index for an advertisement is inversely proportional to the maximum number of times the advertisement is permitted to be sent to a user node, wherein said satisfaction index for an advertisement is directly proportional to the total amount of time over which said advertisement is permitted to be sent (see Goldhaber, fig. 11A, by indexing each ad, the system is actually counting the number of times this ad has been sent to a user node as claimed).

As per claim 15, Wexler discloses a method wherein an advertisement request would include an Internet Protocol address associated with a user node as claimed (see fig. 2).

As per claim 19, Goldhaber teaches a system further comprising sending said selected advertisement to said user node for display (col. 18, lines 57-69).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the advertisement selection for display as taught by Goldhaber into the method of Wexler because it would allow the system to monitor the user's activities and record the interests of the user based on time spending looking at the ad.

As per claims 20-22, the combination of Wexler and Goldhaber would disclose a system comprising receiving from said user node a click through request for information about the advertiser associated with said selected advertisement, further comprising sending a network address for said advertiser to said user node in response to said click-though request, wherein said stored information includes information about a prior click-through request received from said user node (see Wexler, col. 3, line 65 to col. 4, lines 9, see abstract; see Goldhaber for the selection step).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Wexler and Goldhaber for the same reasons discussed previously.

Claims 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wexler (US 5,960,409) in view of Goldhaber et al (US 5,794,210) and further in view of Funk et al (US 5,937,162).

As per claims 16-18, neither Wexler nor Goldhaber discloses a system for performing a reverse domain and for selecting an advertisement based on the results of said reverse domain but Funk discloses a system performing a reverse domain lookup table based upon an internet protocol address, selecting an advertisement based upon the results of said reverse domain and Art Unit: 3714

perform a trace operation route (see claim 1; reverse domain is querying a domain name server

(DNS) to determine the corresponding domain name).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to utilize the selecting step as disclosed by Goldhaber into the method of Wexler

because it would allow the advertisers to target their advertisements to a subset of the general

population that may be more likely to respond to the advertisements and also assure that its

advertising is delivered to the consumers most likely to purchase its products. It would have

been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize the domain name querying system as

taught by Funk into the combined systems of Wexler and Goldhaber because it would provide a

system that can send a unique, customized advertisement to a group of selected users and allow

them to click and see the ad on the display screen.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-22 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to RONALD LANEAU

at telephone number (571)272-6784.

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Ronald Laneau SPE Art Unit 3714

/Ronald Laneau/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3714

02/25/08